

1     ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

2

3         Laser lines at 635 nm or longer (ideally 647 nm) are pre-

4         ferred for red, giving energy-efficient, bright, rapid-motion

5         images with rich, full film-comparable colors. Green and blue

6         lines are used too — and cyan retained for best color mixing,

7         an extra light-power boost, and aid in speckle suppression.

8         Speckle is suppressed through beam-path displacement — by

9         deflecting the beam during projection, thereby avoiding both

10        absorption and diffusion of the beam while preserving pseudo-

11        collimation (noncrossing rays). The latter in turn is impor-

12        tant to infinite sharpness. Path displacement is achieved by

13        scanning the beam on the liquid-crystal valves (LCLVs), which

14        also provides several enhancements — in energy efficiency,

15        brightness, contrast, beam uniformity (by suppressing both

16        laser-mode ripple and artifacts), and convenient beam-turning

17        to transfer the beam between apparatus tiers. Preferably de-

18        flection is performed by a mirror mounted on a galvanometer or

19        motor for rotary oscillation; images are written incrementally

20        on successive portions of the LCLV control stage (either opti-

21        cal or electronic) while the laser "reading beam" is synchro-

22        nized on the output stage. The beam is shaped, with very lit-

23        tle energy loss to masking, into a shallow cross-section which

24        is shifted on the viewing screen as well as the LCLVs. Beam-

25        splitter/analyzer cubes are preferred over polarizing sheets.

26        Spatial modulation provided by an LCLV and maintained by pseu-

27        docollimation enables imaging on irregular projection media

28        with portions at distinctly differing distances from the pro-

29        jector — including domes, sculptures, monuments, buildings;

30        waterfalls, sprays, fog, clouds, ice; scrims and other stage

31        structures; trees and other foliage; land and rock surfaces;

32        and even assemblages of living creatures including people.